



**ULDB
Systems
Definition
Review**

ULDB Recovery Systems

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Definition
Review

Recovery
Systems

Objectives

- Decelerate payload from termination to safe impact
- Provide impact attenuation for land recovery
- Provide flotation for water recovery
- Provide location aids for remote areas

March 25, 1998



Descent

Current method is unfurled flat circular chute in flight train

- + Simple design
- + Low risk
- + Inexpensive
- Impact accuracy ~3.22 km radius
- *Unacceptable material degradation due to environmental exposure*
- Weight: 215 kg Cost: \$12,566



Descent Alternatives

- **Enveloped Flat Circular**

Unfurled chute in flight train, enveloped in protective material

- **Packed Flat Circular**

Better material protection, but more complicated

- **Packed Two-Stage System**

Improved accuracy via quick first-stage descent

- **Guided Parafoil**

Highest impact accuracy, but very complicated and expensive



Descent Alternatives

Enveloped Flat Circular

- + Simple
- + Low deployment risk
- + Slightly lower opening shock load
- + Small weight penalty
- More expensive
- No improvement on impact accuracy
- Potential problem with canopy/sleeve friction
- Untried design
- Weight: ~238 kg Cost: ~\$17,070



Descent Alternatives

Packed Flat Circular

- + Inexpensive
- + Small weight penalty
- + Lower opening shock load
- + Common design
- Higher complexity
- No improvement on impact accuracy
- Weight: ~218 kg Cost: ~\$14,070



Descent Alternatives

Packed Two-Stage System

- + Small weight penalty
- + Lower opening shock load
- + Impact accuracy improved to ~400 m radius
- + Common design
- More expensive
- Higher complexity
- Weight: ~229 kg Cost: ~\$18,070



Descent Alternatives

Guided Parafoil

- + Small weight penalty
- + Lower opening shock load
- + Impact accuracy improved to 200 m radius
- Initially much more expensive
- Much higher complexity
- New technology
- Weight: ~227 kg
- Initial cost: ~\$130,000 Refurb: ~\$10-15K



Descent Alternatives

Trade Study						
	<i>Maximum</i>	<i>Flat Circular As Is</i>	<i>Enveloped Flat Circular</i>	<i>Packed Flat Circular</i>	<i>2-Stage System</i>	<i>GPS-Guided Parafoil</i>
Performance	10	5	6	6	8	9
Weight	10	8	6	8	7	7
Size	5	3	3	4	4	3
Cost	8	7	4	6	5	2
Schedule	8	8	7	7	6	5
Power	5	5	5	5	4	3
Interfaces	5	4	4	3	3	2
Hazmat	5	5	5	5	4	3
Risk	10	9	6	7	6	4
Total	66	54	46	51	47	38

Packed flat circular scores higher, if greater impact accuracy required then use packed two-stage system



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Descent Alternatives

Characteristics					
	<i>Flat Circular As Is</i>	<i>Enveloped Flat Circular</i>	<i>Packed Flat Circular</i>	<i>2-Stage System</i>	<i>GPS-Guided Parafoil</i>
Weight, kg	215	238	218	229	227
Cost, \$	12,566	17,070	14,070	18,070	130,000
Impact Radius, km	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.4	0.2
Max Load, g	7	7	7	7.4	3



Opening Load Attenuator

- Opening shock of parachute imparts high g-levels on payload
- Balloon Branch has device that dissipates shock energy via ripping of stitches in flight-train webbing
- Ground tested & test-flown
- Use as needed
- Weight: 16-31 kg Cost: \$5,500



Land Impact Options

PASSIVE ATTENUATION DEVICES

- **Crush Pads**

Cardboard & styrofoam; simple, cheap, balloon-qualified; environmental exposure effects unknown

- **Aluminum Honeycomb Pads**

Rocket-qualified, higher absorbed energy/cu-ft, higher cost (\$60/cu-ft)

ACTIVE ATTENUATION DEVICES

- **Air Bags**

Compact, expensive, higher risk, level of effort; double-duty as water impact bags?



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Land Impact Options

Trade Study				
	<i>Maximum</i>	<i>Crush Pads</i>	<i>Honeycomb</i>	<i>Air Bags</i>
Performance	10	10	10	9
Weight	10	9	9	7
Size	5	3	4	4
Cost	8	7	6	4
Schedule	8	8	8	5
Power	5	5	5	4
Interfaces	5	4	4	3
Hazmat	5	5	5	4
Risk	10	9	9	7
Total	66	60	60	47

No clear winner between simple solutions of
crush pads and aluminum honeycomb



Water Impact Options

PASSIVE FLOTATION DEVICES

- **Sealed Structural Volume**

Structural tubing sealed to provide positive buoyancy

- **Foam-Filled Structural Volume**

Replace air with foam; lower risk than sealed volume, slightly heavier

- **Strap-On Floats**

Off-the-shelf floats/buoys strapped to structural members; fewer mechanical interface problems



Water Impact Options

ACTIVE FLOTATION DEVICES

- **Structure-Mounted Inflatable**

Deployable air bag attached to gondola; compact, higher risk, higher cost

- **Tethered Inflatable Buoy**

Deployable air bag tethered to submerged gondola; semi-qualified on rocket payloads, fewer mechanical interface issues



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Water Impact Options

Trade Study						
	<i>Maximum</i>	<i>Sealed Volume</i>	<i>Foam-Filled Structure</i>	<i>Strap-On Floats</i>	<i>Hard-Mount Inflatable</i>	<i>Tethered Inflatable</i>
Performance	10	10	10	10	10	10
Weight	10	10	9	9	8	8
Size	5	3	3	3	4	4
Cost	8	7	6	6	4	4
Schedule	8	7	8	8	5	5
Power	5	5	5	5	4	4
Interfaces	5	2	2	3	4	5
Hazmat	5	5	5	5	4	4
Risk	10	7	10	10	7	7
Total	66	56	58	59	50	51

Strap-on floats win due to ease of interface



Location Aids

- In case of unplanned termination, need location aids for recovery in remote areas
- Sounding Rocket Program has successfully used DF radio beacons, ARGOS transmitters, strobe lights

	ARGOS	164.X MHz	242.0 MHz
Xmitter Cost, \$	3,380	500	1,711
Xmitter Weight, g	273	64	65
Range, km	N/A	32	160
Signal Life, days/kg of batteries	7.0	2,897	13.2



Additional Systems

Options being pursued

- Dropsonde development
Deployable GPS sonde to give “near real time” wind measurements for descent vector determination
- Automated chute cut-away
Investigation of approach to automatically cut chute after Earth impact



Recommendation

- Packed flat circular parachute system
- Opening shock load attenuator (optional)
- Strap-on flotation devices (optional)
- Crush pads (Aluminum honeycomb optional)
- ARGOS transmitter and strobe
- Estimated system cost: \$24,155
- Estimated system weight:
224 kg without options, 291 kg with options



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Cost & Weight Breakdown

	Weight, kg	Cost
Parachute System	218	\$14,070
Shock Attenuator (opt)	16	\$5,500
Land Impact Attenuator	2.3	\$180
Water Recovery (opt)	51	\$200
Location Aids	3.3	\$4,205
TOTAL	291	\$24,155

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